

GASTRONOMIC TWINS

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And always, quite appropriately, he has borne a bright red apple in his mouth.

For pork and apple are the Siamese Twins of gastronomy—they belong together.

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Real country sausage, fresh baked apple and golden buckwheat cakes.

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And as for gin—get His Excellency, Mouquin's. It has "that Frenchy taste."

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SUPREME COUNCIL LEARNS GERMANY IS NOT DISARMED

Military Experts Tell of Failure and Are Asked for Recommendations.

AUSTRIA TO COME NEXT

Eastern Situation: Greece and Turkish Treaty Will Be Taken Up.

REPARATIONS TO FOLLOW

Germany, It Is Said, Will Offer 2,000,000,000 Marks in Gold Within Year.

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, Jan. 24.—The Supreme Council, composed of representatives of Great Britain, Italy, France, Belgium and Japan, to-day heard the military experts, and later conferred together regarding the failure of Germany to disarm as provided for by the Treaty of Versailles. The experts were asked to make a detailed report on the subject, with recommendations regarding measures to insure execution of the disarmament clauses of the treaty.

The experts will meet to-morrow morning, while the council will, contrary to expectation, take up the situation of Austria, instead of reparations. The Eastern question, Greece and the Treaty of Sevres will be taken up after the council has finished considering the Austrian situation.

The British Prime Minister, David Lloyd George, and the President of the French Council, Aristide Briand, it is understood, desire an opportunity to talk over the different phases of the reparations questions before the subject comes up for discussion at the full council.

May Invite Germans.

In this connection the Premier is said to be considering whether it is feasible and advisable to have the German representative sit with the council before the final decision on reparations is taken. The British delegation is believed to favor inviting the Germans to take part in the discussion after the Allies come to an understanding among themselves.

Pending a decision on this question, Herr Bergmann, the German delegate, it is expected will confer with Louis Loucheur, the French Minister of Labor. Loucheur, it is reported, he will make an official offer to pay 2,000,000,000 marks in gold within a year, one-fourth of that amount in cash.

The eventuality of a German being invited to sit with the council depends partly upon Herr Bergmann's reply to M. Loucheur, who will ask him if Germany has any proposition to make before the Allies decide finally on what course they shall pursue to enforce execution of the treaty.

To-day's deliberations were conducted in the strictest secrecy, the officials of the French Foreign Office receiving instructions to have nothing whatever to say to the newspaper men.

Premier Lloyd George when he arrived at the conference chamber was immediately ushered into Premier Briand's private cabinet, where the two men held a fifteen minute conference before the general session began. The Belgian, Italian and Japanese delegations arrived in turn afterward. Marshal Foch's appearance was the only occasion for a demonstration, a mild cheer being raised as he arrived.

Change Toward Turkey.
The situation that arose in Greece following the return of Constantine to Athens is believed to have a direct bearing on the conference. It is no secret that France would not resist alteration of the treaty of Sevres, by which Turkey was shorn of sovereignty over Constantinople, the Dardanelles, Smyrna and its hinterland and large sections of Syria. There has been a rumored desire on the part of the Allies to deal directly with the Turkish National Government at Ankara, that regime being dominant in Asia Minor at present. The Turkish Sultan's power being a mere shadow of authority.

Resumption of trade relations with Russia by allied Governments, which would entail a sort of conditional recognition of the Soviet regime in Moscow, appeared to be a topic which would be discussed seriously during the week, in connection with this subject the note sent by President Wilson to Paul Hymans, president of the assembly of the League of Nations, on Saturday, in which Mr. Wilson demanded that the Allies assume a "hands off" attitude toward the Russian nation, appeared to be of prime importance.

"We understand and we know France's sufferings," the Echo de Paris quotes Premier Lloyd George saying to Premier Briand during their talk at the station last evening. "England would not understand if we did anything to injure your interests. We shall, then, discuss with absolute sincerity and friendliness our viewpoints, and I am certain we shall reach an agreement as to what we shall have to do regarding Germany."

GEDDES IN LONDON; OFF TO SEE PREMIER TO-DAY

LONDON, Jan. 24.—Sir Auckland Geddes, the British Ambassador to the United States, who arrived here to-day from New York, is expected to leave here to-morrow for Paris to confer with Prime Minister Lloyd George and Earl Curzon of Kedleston. The Ambassador probably will not stay abroad more than a month.

The police closely guarded the movements of Sir Auckland from the ship to the train at Liverpool on his arrival, and also at the station in London. No one was permitted to interview either the Ambassador or his secretary.

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THE NEW YORK HERALD

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ALLIED PREMIERS, ALARMED, WILL TRY TO SAVE AUSTRIA

News Still Awaited Whether Technical Trades of That Country Have Carried Out Their Threat of Seizing Government by Force.

By the Associated Press.
PARIS, Jan. 24.—The Allied Premier (now meeting here to discuss German disarmament and reparations) are understood to be greatly alarmed at the situation of Austria and will endeavor to find some way for the continued existence of that country.

No news bearing on political and industrial conditions obtaining in Austria has come out of Vienna since last Thursday, January 20, the date set by the technical trades for the fulfillment of their threat to bring about internal reform by force. The last news from the Austrian capital indicated that while the Government had neither gained strength nor discovered means to cope with the economic and political situation, labor had become more aggressive and was demanding, under threat of force, the right of collective bargaining and substantial wage increases, as well as reductions in the price of food. Revolution was being openly preached in many parts of the country, and Communists in the Austrian army were reported to have declared they would take the side of the workers if the army was called out.

At the same time the demand for union with Germany was reported to be growing, while the cry was going up in

GIOLITTI HAS PLAN FOR SOCIALIZATION

Workers Will Share in Management of Plants Under His Measure.

ROME, Jan. 24.—The bill soon to be presented to Parliament by Premier Giolitti, under which workers would have a share in the management of industrial plants, says the *Tempo*, provides that the employees in each industry shall elect a national council, composed of nine members. Each political or syndicalist organization of workmen would be represented in the national council by one or more members, in proportion to the membership of the organization.

Each national council would appoint two representatives for participation in the management of each factory, their power to extend to technical, financial and disciplinary arrangements, including the fixing of prices and the purchase of raw materials. Special commissions would be appointed to prepare employment for those out of work, according to their precedence on the lists of unemployed.

The employers, in opposing the bill, assert it would deprive them of technical independence, which they say is indispensable to successful operation of the plants. They maintain they must be free to dismiss and engage workmen if discipline is to be guaranteed. They oppose interference by the workers in the financial departments of the industries, especially in the buying of raw materials, which they point to as one of the most delicate details of each business, concerning not the workers but the business rivals of the various plants.

The Communists, led by the millionaire, Togliatti, oppose both the government and the employers, asserting any participation by the men in the management of industries must be purely constructive; that participation by the men would not assist but hinder development of the life of the factories.

\$200,000 MORE FOR HALTING ALIEN TIDE

House Votes Increase for Scrutinizing Immigrants.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New York Herald Bureau.
Washington, D. C., Jan. 24.
Additional steps to check the growing tide of immigration from Europe were taken to-day in the House. The Foreign Affairs Committee reported favorably the resolution of Representative Newton (Minn.) extending until July 1, 1922, the war time restrictions on passports requiring their use after investigation by American diplomatic and consular officers abroad. Early action in the House will be asked because unless some additional action is taken the present restrictions will expire on March 1. The committee was unanimous for the extension.

An appropriation of \$200,000 for enforcement of the passport laws during the next fiscal year was provided in the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill reported by the Appropriations Committee. The amount is \$200,000 more than was allowed during the current year, but is \$400,000 less than was requested by the State Department.

Testimony of Acting Secretary of State Davis before the Appropriations Committee disclosed that diplomatic officers are unable to handle the large number of requests for passports. Mr. Davis stated that 120,000 Polish Jews were waiting at Warsaw for their passports to the United States, according to departmental estimates.

BAND OF ROBBERS INFESTS SILESIA

Organized Gang Operating Over Plebiscite Area.

By the Associated Press.
OPPELN, Silesia, Jan. 24.—Terrorism and crime are unchecked in Upper Silesia, where the plebiscite to decide whether it is to be German or Polish will be held on March 12.

The military officials have advised civilians not to venture out after twilight. An organized band of robbers operating over virtually the entire plebiscite area, robbing men, women and children of their clothing but not molesting them otherwise. A score of members of this band recently forced a man walking with his daughter in a park in the center of Katowice to disrobe and left them without clothing in a snowstorm. Thirty members of the band have been arrested and punished but the activity of the robbers has not diminished.

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OPPOSITION TO GIFT OF EMBASSY ARISES

Members of Lower House Would Stop Acceptance of Morgan Home.

LEADERS ARE CONFIDENT

Belief Expressed House Will Agree to Take Over London Residence.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.—Opposition has developed among Republicans and Democrats of the House to acceptance by the Government of the London residence of J. Pierpont Morgan as a permanent home for the American Ambassador to the Court of St. James's. Leaders predicted to-day, however, that the objection of some members would not be strong enough to cause defeat of the Senate resolution authorizing acceptance when brought before the House for a vote, possibly this week. The suggestion by some members that it might be best to defer consideration of the question until the next Congress found little support. It was said, in view of Mr. Morgan's statement that the offer would be withdrawn unless accepted by March 4.

Chairman Porter of the House Foreign Affairs Committee has introduced a resolution which would permit acceptance of the gift, including that of the Government of Chile of an embassy in connection with the movement of the committee to accept American diplomats. But since the Senate already has acted on the Morgan offer, House leaders said they would call up the resolution from that body and put it through. Many facts bearing on the Morgan proposal were revealed in publication of hearings before the House Appropriations Committee on the Diplomatic and Consular bill. The offer was first made to the Secretary of State nearly two years ago and transmitted to Congress by President Wilson without comment. Under Secretary of State Davis told the committee there was a question of policy involved in acceptance which was exclusively within the jurisdiction of Congress and that the Secretary doubtless hesitated to suggest what sort of policy ought to be followed in cases of this kind.

"I can see no reason for not doing it," said Mr. Davis, when asked if the property would be of use. Mr. Morgan wrote to Mr. Davis last December 31 that he had offered his home to the State Department in May, 1919, and not having received a reply a year later, again wrote, with the result that the matter was submitted to Congress exactly one year and a day from the date of the first communication.

"It is not right to keep a house in London unoccupied at present when houses are in such demand in that city," Mr. Morgan said. "I see, therefore, no alternative but to advise you, as I hereby do, that it will be necessary for me to keep by March 4 next, when this Congress ends, whether my offer is accepted or declined by the Government, and that should I not receive an answer before the adjournment of Congress I shall be compelled to withdraw the offer."

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Advertising

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Office in Detroit—Chicago

TO DIE FOR KILLING AMERICAN.

German Citizen Ordered Guillotined by Coblenz Court.

COBLENZ, Jan. 24.—Engelbert Mannus a German citizen has been sentenced by a German court here to be guillotined for the murder of an American soldier last April. Mannus is said to have killed the American with a pistol for the purpose of robbing him of 15,000 marks. He had borrowed the weapon from his victim.

J. M. Gidding & Co.
364-366 and 368 Fifth Avenue, 467-468 and 472 5th Sts.

This week---before stock-taking ---groups of Smart Winter Fashions are being closed out regardless of former cost---

AS FOR EXAMPLE:

Day and Evening Gowns

Formerly to \$295—at \$50-\$75-\$95-\$125

Youthful Dance Frocks Formerly to \$195 at \$50-\$68

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Rich Fur-Trimmed Suits

Formerly to \$350—at \$95-\$125-\$145 to \$195

Sport Skirts Formerly at \$45—at \$20

Handmade Blouses—Formerly to \$15—at \$5-\$8

Mid-Season Hats—Formerly to \$50—at \$10-\$15

Fur Coats—Wraps—Scarfs—Sets

and Separate Pieces are also included

in these pre-inventory offerings,

regardless of former cost or value.

GERMANY IS RICH, ECONOMIST FINDS

Continued from First Page.

cent, while several clock manufacturers are paying 15 instead of the previous 5 per cent. The Barop Rolling Mills announced a 50 per cent. dividend, as compared with 6 per cent. last year.

That the striking indication of prosperity is not confined to metallurgical industries is found in the fact that the Independent Socialist publication *Red Flag*, after hiding a portion of its profits, still declared a dividend of 30 per cent.

"Germany will react if firmness is applied by the Allies," continued Prof. Blondel. "This was shown in the prompt increase in the Ruhr production when occupation was threatened, and once the Allies threaten to exert customs control rights or the inspection of German finances accorded by the treaty there will be an appreciable change of front by the Germans, who have not yet abandoned hope of eventual revenge fostered by sinister, monarchist propaganda which is found everywhere and which the cartel schemes of Stinnes and other industrial leaders use to enhance development."

So extensive is the cartel system becoming that some metallurgical industries, according to Prof. Blondel, are developing an unheard of concentration. Not satisfied with forming a trust along American lines, all corporations involved in methods of production, such as mines which furnish coal in certain factory districts; a machine works which furnishes implements and machinery necessary in the central cartel, and even distributing organizations whose directors do not provide the cartel's capital, all are being drawn into the industrial funnel from which exportable products flow in a steady, centrally controlled stream.

Prof. Blondel concluded with the warning that unless western Europe prevents Germany's scheme of turning out thousands of commercial airplanes, which can easily be converted for military purposes, a war of revenge would be let loose before France gets on her feet, as the continued economic successes—and this is especially a fact in

Sure Relief

the ports of Hamburg and Bremen, which are preparing for vast enterprises with America—is again developing the traditional spirit of German arrogance. In some regions where aerial construction was temporarily halted officials of the factories promptly adapted them to turn out machines necessary to produce aviation material, so that no time would be lost when Germany's hands are again freed.

ILLITERATES ARE BARRED.
GUATEMALA CITY, Jan. 24.—Illiterates are forbidden to participate in political contests under the terms of a bill approved by the Congress of Guatemala.

BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

6 BELL-ANS Hot water Sure Relief

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The Collection of

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SALES BY AUCTION

Thursday, January 27th, and following days.

MR. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE WILL CONDUCT THE SALE.

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AN EXHIBITION THAT IS LIKE A MUSEUM

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